

# Setting up Temperature Sensor with a Raspberry Pi

Enable **i2c** and **1-wire** options on the Pi (use `raspi-conf`, under *interfacing options*)).

Optional (this is automatically done now)- verify that your `/boot/config.txt` has a line `dtoverlay=w1-gpio`

Two kernel modules, **w1-therm** and **w1-gpio** must already be loaded. You can verify by executing `lsmod`, which will list all the loaded kernel modules.

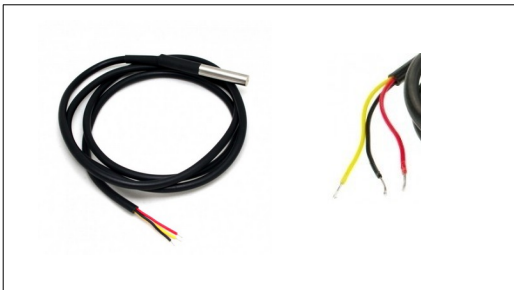
Executing `lsmod` will show three entries:

Module	Size	Used by
w1_therm	3584	0
w1_gpio	3657	0
wire	25219	2 w1_gpio,w1_therm

Kernel modules loaded

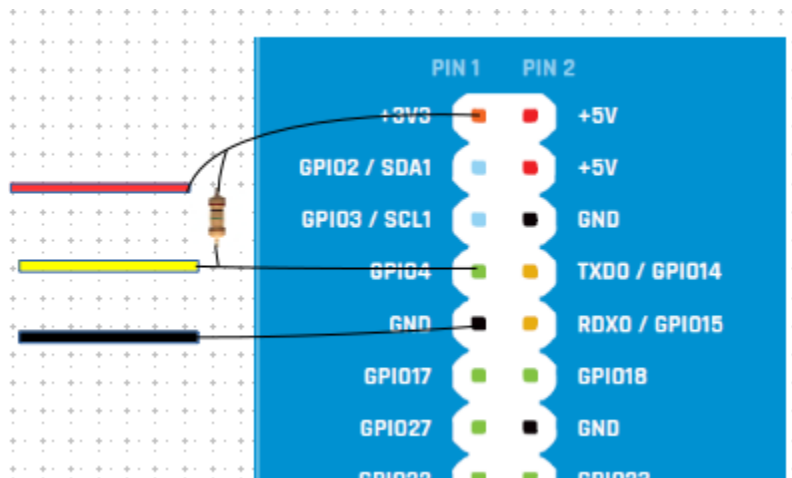
## Wiring:

Cheaply available temperature sensors (DS18B20) have 3 wires – attach red to any 3.3V power pin, black to any ground pin, and yellow/green to **GPIO pin #4**. Put a 4.7kOhm (or thereabouts) resistor between data and power.



Waterproof DS18B20

DS18B20



Ifco

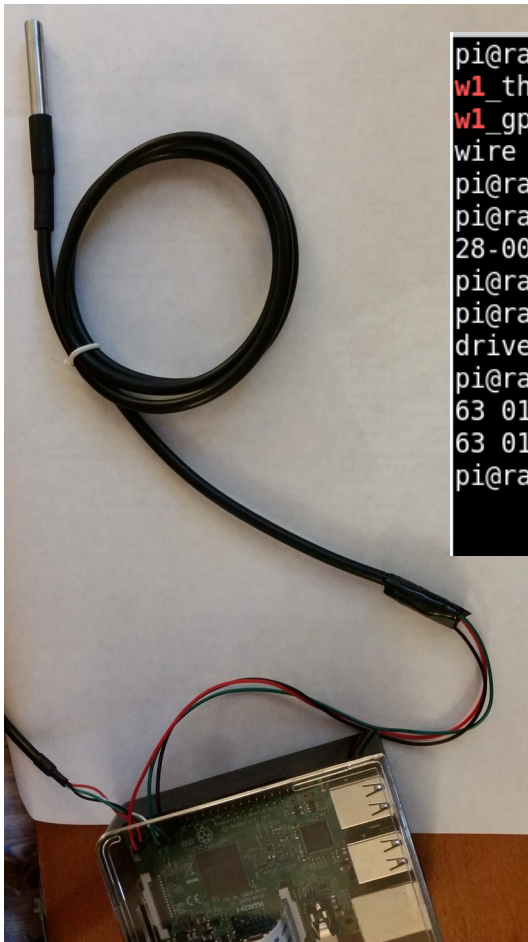
Once you connect all the wires, reboot, and look in `/sys/bus/w1/devices/` directory. You should find a directory, something like `28-00044a3b10ff/`. The file:

`/sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3b10ff/w1_slave`  
contains temperature information.

If you do `cat /sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3b10ff/w1_slave`  
you should get an output like:

```
5e 01 55 00 7f ff 0c 10 6c : crc=6c YES  
5e 01 55 00 7f ff 0c 10 6c t=21875
```

The CRC checksum should be correct (YES). Then the temperature measured, in Celsius, is 21.875.



```
pi@raspberrypi:~$ lsmod|grep w1  
w1_therm          16384 0  
w1_gpio          16384 0  
wire              40960 2 w1_gpio,w1_therm  
pi@raspberrypi:~$ cd /sys/bus/w1/devices  
pi@raspberrypi:/sys/bus/w1/devices$ ls  
28-00044a3807ff w1_bus_master1  
pi@raspberrypi:/sys/bus/w1/devices$ cd 28-00044a3807ff  
pi@raspberrypi:/sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3807ff$ ls  
driver hwmon id name power subsystem uevent w1_slave  
pi@raspberrypi:/sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3807ff$ cat w1_slave  
63 01 55 00 7f ff 0c 10 ec : crc=ec YES  
63 01 55 00 7f ff 0c 10 ec t=22187  
pi@raspberrypi:/sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3807ff$
```

**python script** (readTemperature.py) to read temperature, and show the output in Celsius and Fahrenheit:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import os
import time
""" Log Current Time, Temperature in Celsius and Fahrenheit
Returns a list [time, tempC, tempF] """

def readTemp():
    tempfile = open("/sys/bus/w1/devices/28-00044a3b10ff/w1_slave")
    tempfile_text = tempfile.read()
    currentTime=time.strftime("%x %X %Z")
    tempfile.close()
    tempC=float(tempfile_text.split("\n")[1].split("t=")[1])/1000
    tempF=tempC*9.0/5.0+32.0
    return [currentTime, tempC, tempF]

print readTemp()
```

```
> python readTemperature.py
['08/01/16 17:29:02 UTC', 22.062, 71.7116]
```

### **Exercise (Show it to me beginning of Fall Semester, and I will buy you another sensor).**

Hook up a temperature sensor and two LEDs, a green and a red one. The green led should be on when the temperature is below 25C, and the red led on when temperature  $\geq$  25C.

Test your set up by holding the sensor head in your hands. The temperature then should go up, well beyond 25C (unless you are cold-blooded).